# Service Manual Repairs and maintenance

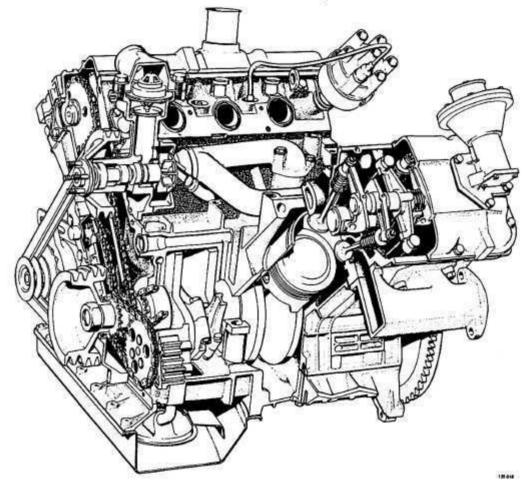
Section 2 (21)

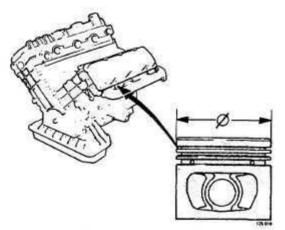
Reconditioning engine B 27, B 28 260 1975–1983

# VOIIVO



B 27 A - B 27 E - B 27 F - B 28 A - B 28 E - B 28 F





The B 28 is in principle a B 27 with a larger bore.

What do these designations mean?

B 28 E A = carburetted engine E = fuel injected engine F = fuel injected engine "USA models" 28(27) = capacity B = petrol (gasoline)

Engine type	Model year
B 27 A	1976-1979
B 28 A	1980-1982
B 27 E	1975-1980
B 28 E	1981-1983
B 27 F	1976-1979
B 28 F	1980-1982

Volvos are sold in versions adapted for different markets. These adaptions depend on many factors including legal, taxation and market requirements.

This manual may therefore show illustrations and text which do not apply to cars in your country.

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## Reconditioning engine

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Assembly (cont.).		

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This manual deals exclusively with the overhaul of the engine.

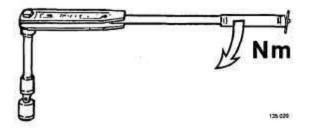
For work carried out on the engine when fitted in the car, and for engine removal and installation, please refer to the separate manuals.

#### Order number: TP 30447/1

We reserve the right to make alterations.

Important information

# Important information



#### **Tightening torques**

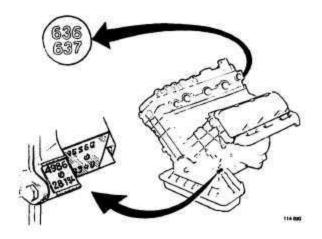
Nearly all of the B 27/28 engine is made of aluminium alloy. The threads are tapped directly into the alloy. For this reason it is extremely important that all of the bolts are tightened to specified torque.

Two types of tightening torques are used in this manual:

- Tightening torque 40 Nm (30 ft.lbs) = a torque wrench must be used.
- Tightening torque 40 Nm (30 ft.lbs) = correct value, however it is not necessary to use a torque wrench.

# Specifications

# Group 20 General



#### Engine serial number and part number

Located on a plate in front of the oil filter.

On B 28 E/F 1981- models: located on the rear of the right-hand cylinder head, shows the last three digits of the part number.

Specifications

and the second second

# Group 21 Engine block

# CYLINDER HEAD

Height ...... New = 111.07 mm (4.373 in)

Max. warp is 0.05 mm over 100 mm. NOTE! Do not level a warped cylinder head, replace it.

Cylinder head gasket thickness ..... 1,14-1.50 mm (0.045-0.059 in)

# CYLINDER BLOCK

Pistons and liners are matched sets.

#### **Cylinder liners**

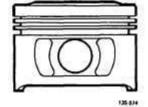
Cylinder liners are marked by 1, 2 or 3 cuts in the upper edge of the liner. B 27 B 27 Bore, liners marked 1 (A-marked piston). 88.00-88.01 mm 91.00-91.01 mm (3.4646-3.4650 in) (3.5826-3.5830 in) 2 (B-marked piston).... 88.01-88.02 mm 91.01-91.02 mm (3.4650-3.4654 in) (3.5830-3.5835 in) 3 (C-marked piston)..... 88.02-88.03 mm 91.02-91.03 mm (3.5835-3.5838 in) (3.4654-3.4657 in) Shims for adjustment of liner height: thickness, blue paint marking..... 0.070-0.105 mm (0.0027-0.0041 in) white paint marking..... 0.085-0.120 mm (0.0033-0.0047 in) 0.105-0.140 mm (0.0041-0.0055 in) red paint marking..... 0.130-0.165 mm (0.0051-0.0064 in) yellow paint marking.....

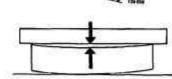
# PISTONS

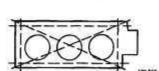
#### Pistons for B 27

Pistons and liners are matched sets. Two different manufacturers supply pistons, see next page for specifications.









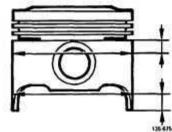
Mahle



a,

#### Specifications

DEMOLIN PISTONS (B 27)	B 27 A	1976-1979	
In Advertisian Alexandria (Alexandria) Alexandria (Alexandria) A	B 27 E	1975-1978	
	B 27 F	1979	
Height, overall		74 mm (2.9134 in)	63.4 mm (2.9960 in)
from gudgeon pin centre to piston crow	Π	40 mm (1.5748 in)	39.4 mm (1.5512 in)
Weight		445±3 gram	
Max weight difference between pistons in same	engine	6 gram	
Piston float		0.090-0.110 mm (0.003	35-0.0043 in)
Piston diameter, A-marked pistons		87.900-87.910 mm (3.4	4606-3.4610 in)
B-marked pistons		87.910-87.920 mm (3.4	4610-3.4614 in)
C-marked pistons		87.920-87.930 mm (3.4	4614-3.4618 in)

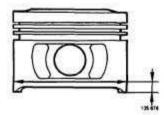


Piston diameter is measured at right angles to gudgeon pin bore and: 11 mm (0.43 in) from lower edge of piston for B 27 F 1976–1978 8.5 mm (0.33 in) from lower edge of oil scraper ring for other engines.

Diameter, gudgeon pin bore:

Marking piston	Marking gudgeon pin	
1	Blue	23.514-23.517 mm (0.9257-0.9259 in)
2	White	23.511-23.514 mm (0.9256-0.9257 in)
3	Red	23.508-23.511 mm (0.9255-0.9256 in)

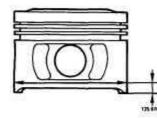
MAHLE PISTONS (B 27)	B 27 A	1976-1979			
	B 27 E	1975-1978	****	1979-1980	
	B 27 F	1979	1976-1978		
Height, overall		63,4 mm	62.2 mm	65.3 mm	
		(2.4960 in)	(2.4488 in)	(2.5709 in)	1
from gudgeon pin centre to piston cro	own	39.4 mm	38.2 mm	41.3 mm	
		(1.5521 in)	(1.5039 in)	(1.6260 in)	
Weight		445±3 gram			
Max weight difference between pistons in sar		6 gram			1
Piston float		0.020-0.040 m	m (0.0008-0.0016	in)	
Piston diameter, A-marked pistons		87.970-87.980	mm (3.4634-3.46	38 in)	
B-marked pistons		87.980-87.990	mm (3.4638-3.46	42 in)	
C-marked pistons		87.990-88.000	mm (3.4642-3.46	46 in)	



Piston diameter is measured at right-angles to gudgeon pin bore, 8 mm (0.31 in) from bottom edge.

#### Pistons for B 28

Pistons and liners are matched sets. Only Mahle pistons are in use.	
Weight	455±3 grams
Max weight difference between pistons in same engine	6 grams
Height, overall A- and F-engines	62.8 mm (2.4724 in)
E-engine	65.3 mm (2.5709 in)
from gudgeon pin centre to piston crown	
A- and F-engines	38.8 mm (1.5276 in)
E-engine	41.3 mm (1.6260 in)
Piston float	0.020-0.040 mm (0.0007-0.0015 in)
Piston diameter, A-marked pistons.	90.970-90.980 mm (3.5814-3.5818 in)
B-marked pistons	90.980-90.990 mm (3.5818-3.5822 in)
C-marked pistons	90.990-91.000 mm (3.5822-3.5826 in)



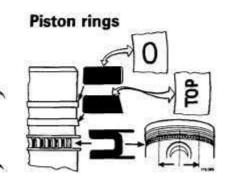
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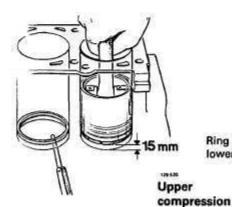
Piston diameter is measured at right-angles to gudgeon pin bore, 8 mm (0.31 in) from bottom edge.

#### Diameter, gudgeon pin bore: Marking, piston Marking, gudgeon pin

Blue	Blue
White	White
Red	Red

23.510-23.513 mm (0.9255-0.9257 in) 23.507-23.510 mm (0.9254-0.9255 in) 23.504-23.507 mm (0.9253-0.9254 in)





Ring gap measured 15 mm (0.6 in) from lower edge of cylinder

**Oil ring** 

Height	<b>m</b> m
	in
Side clearance (measured with ring on piston)	mm
	in
Ring gap when checked in 91 mm (3.5826 in) cylin	nder (B 28),
88 mm (3.4646 in) (B 27), see fig	<b>m</b> m

ring	ring	
1.478-1.490	1.978-1.990	2.629-2.731
9.0582-0.0587	0.0779-0.0783	0.1035-0.1075
0.045-0.074	0.025-0.054	0.009-0.233
0.0017-0.0029	0.0009-0.0212	0.0003-0.0091
0.40-0.60	0.40-0.60	0.38-1.45
0.0157-0.0236	0.0157-0.0236	0.0150-0.0570
	9.0582-0.0587 0.045-0.074 0.0017-0.0029 0.40-0.60	1.478-1.490     1.978-1.990       9.0582-0.0587     0.0779-0.0783       0.045-0.074     0.025-0.054       0.0017-0.0029     0.0009-0.0212       0.40-0.60     0.40-0.60

compression

Lower

#### Gudgeon (piston) pins

Diameter		
Marking, gudgeon pin	Marking, piston	
Blue	Blue (1)	23.500-23.497 mm (0.9251-0.9250 in)
White	White (2)	23.497-23.494 mm (0.9250-0.9249 in)
Red	Red (3)	23.494-23.491 mm (0.9249-0.9248 in)
Clearance in cor	necting rod	0.020-0.041 mm (0.0007-0.0016 in)
	ton, Mahle	0.010-0.016 mm (0.0003-0.0006 in)
1959-10	Demolin	0.014-0.020 mm (0.0006-0.0008 in)

in

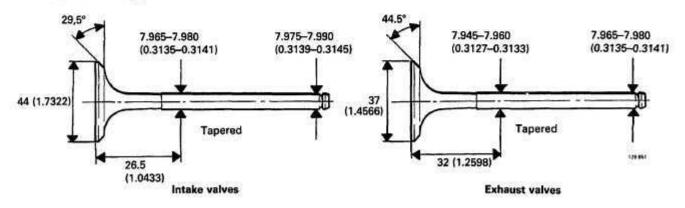
Specifications

# VALVE SYSTEM

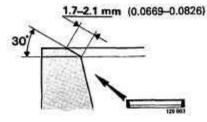
#### Valve clearances (varies with engine type)

Valve clearance mm (in)	Type 1	Type 2
Intake valves, cold engine warm engine Exhaust valve, cold engine warm engine	0.10-0.15 (0.004-0.006) 0.15-0.20 (0.006-0.008) 0.25-0.30 (0.010-0.012) 0.30-0.35 (0.012-0.014)	0.20-0.25 (0.008-0.010) 0.25-0.30 (0.010-0.012) 0.30-0.35 (0.012-0.014) 0.35-0.40 (0.014-0.016)
Engine type – model year B 27 A 1976–1979	x	
B 28 A 1980 1981–1982	x	x
B 27 E 1975–1978 1979–1980 Sweden + Australia 1979–1980 Other markets	x x	x
B 28 E 1981–1983	x	
B 27 F 1976–1979	x	
B 28 F 1980 1981–1982	x	x

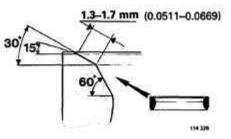
Valves mm (in)



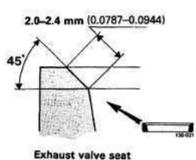
Valve seats mm (in)



Intake valve seat Early types

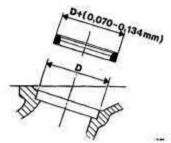


Intake valve seat Late types (venturi seat):15° and 60° are correct angles to reduce seat width.



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Note! When replacing valve seats: the interference between the valve seat and its bore in the cylinder head must be 0.070–0.134 mm, (0.0027–0.0052 in), i.e. the valve seat diameter must be 0.070–0.134 mm greater than the diameter of the bore in the cylinder head.

Valve seats are available in three oversizes.

#### Valve guides mm (in)

Length	50.1-51.3 (1.2725-1.3030) 8.000-8.022 (0.3149-0.3158)
Press-in measurement to cylinder head contact surface against	
block:	
intake	39.5-40.5 (1.5551-1.5944)
exhaust	36.9-37.9 (1.4527-1.4921)

Valve guides are available in three oversizes, and are marked with grooves.

	Marking	Reamer for seat
Standard	No groove	=
<b>Oversize 1</b>	1 groove	5166
2	2 grooves	5167
3	3 grooves	5168

#### Valve springs

Two types of valve springs are in use. The springs are colour coded as follows:

Grey springs:		Green springs:	
B 27 A	1976-1979	B 28 A	1980-1982
B 27 E	1975–1978 1979–1980 Sweden + Australia	B 27 E	1979–1980 (excluding Sweden, Australia)
B 27 F	1976-1979	B 28 E	1981-1982
		B 28 F	1980-1982



Grey sp	y springs:		Green springs:				
Length mm	in	Load N (kp)	lbs.	Length mm	in	Load N (kp)	lbs.
47.2	1.86	0	0	47.1	1.85	0	0
40.0	1.57	233-268 (23.3-26.8)	52-60	40.0	1.57	23.0-26.6	5159
32.2	1.27	521-585 (52.1-58.5)	116–131	30.0	1.18	613-689 (61.368.9)	137–154

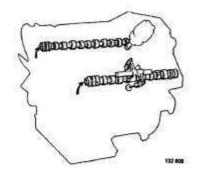
#### Rocker arm mechanism

The rocker arm contact surface against the camshaft is surface-hardened and must not be ground.

Diameter, rocker arm shaft	19.959-19.980 mm (0.7857-0.7866 in)
Hole diameter, rocker arm	19.992-20.013 mm (0.7870-0.7879 in)
Clearance, shaft-rocker arm	0.012-0.054 mm (0.0005-0.0021 in)

#### **TIMING GEARS**

#### Camshaft



Three types of camshafts with different lift heights are in use. The part number is marked on the front end.

Camshaft	Type 1	Type 2	Type 3
Marking (part number), left	79 10 245 522 (-143 or -144)	74 01 269 138	74 01 269 615
right	79 10 245 412	74 01 269 139	74 01 269 616
Max. lift height, leftmm	5.144 (0.202 in)	6.004 (0.236 in)	5.96 (0.234 in)
rightmm	5.059 (0.199 in)	6.004 (0.236 in)	5.96 (0.234 in)
Check of camshaft setting (cold engine): Adjust valve clearance on 1st and 6th intake valves to 0.7 mm (0,027 in), the intake valves should then open at, 1st	9°±3° 7°±3°	9°±3° 9°±3°	8°±3° 8°±3°
Engine type			
B 27 A 1976–1979 B 28 A 1980 1981–1982	×	x	x
B 27 E 1975–1978. 1979–1980 Sweden + Australia. 1979–1980 Other markets	××	x	
B 28 E 1981–1983			x
B 27 F 1976–1979	х		
B 28 F 1980 1981–1982		×	x

Journal diameter, counting from front (all types): mm (in)

1st	40.440-40.465 (1.5921-1.5931)
2nd	41.040-41.065 (1.6157-1.6167)
3rd	41.640-41.665 (1.6393-1.6403)
4th	42.240-42.265 (1.6629-1.6639)
Radial play	0.035-0.085 (0.0013-0.0033)
End float, new	0.070-0.144 (0.0027-0.0056)
max	0.5 (0.0196)

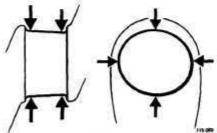
# **CRANK MECHANISM**

## Crankshaft

Max run-out (measured on two centre main bearing journals).	0.02 mm	(0.0007 in)
Crankshaft, end float		(0.0027-0.0106 in)
clearance (main bearings)		(0.0014-0.0034 in)
Crank journals, side clearance		(0.0078-0.0149 in)
clearance	0.030-0.080 mm	(0.0011-0.0031 in)
Rear sealing ring diameter, standard	79.926-80.000 mm	(3.1466-3.1496 in)
undersized	79.726-79.800 mm	(3.1388-3.1417 in)

# Main bearing journals

Out of roundness, max	0.007 mm	(0.0002 in)
Taper, max	0.01 mm	(0.0003 in)
Diameter, standard	70.043-70.062 mm	(2.7575-2.7583 in)
undersized	69.743-69.762 mm	(2.7457-2.7465 in)
Main bearing shells, thickness, standard	1.961-1.967 mm	(0.0772-0.0774 in)
oversized	2.111-2.117 mm	(0.0831-0.0833 in)
Width of crankshaft journal for thrust bearing (rear main bearing		10. DOLDAR DE 1997 - C.
journal):		
standard	29.20-29.25 mm	(1.1496-1.1515 in)
oversized 1	29.40-29.45 mm	(1.1574-1.1594 in)
2	29.50-29.55 mm	(1.1614-1.1633 in)
3	29.60-29.65 mm	(1.1653-1.1673 in)
Thrust bearing washer, thickness, standard	2.30-2.35 mm	(0.0905-0.0925 in)
oversized 1	2.40-2.45 mm	(0.0944-0.0964 in)
2	2.45-2.50 mm	(0.0964-0.0984 in)
3	2.50-2.55 mm	(0.0984-0.1003 in)



Taper

Out of roundness

# Connecting rod bearing journals

Out of roundness, max	0.007 mm	(0.0002 in)
Taper, max	0.01 mm	(0.0003 in)
Diameter, standard	52.267-52.286 mm	(2.0577-2.0585 in)
undersized	51.967-51.986 mm	(2.0456-2.0466 in)
Connecting rod bearing shells, thickness, standard	1.842-1.848 mm	(0.0725-0.0727 in)
undersized	1.992-1.998 mm	(0.0784-0.0788 in)
Bearing journal width	39.99-40.09 mm	(1.5744-1.5783 in)

#### **Connecting rods**

End float on crankshaft (both con rods fitted)	0.20-0.38 mm	(0.0078-0.0149 in)
Length between centres	146.15 mm	(5.7539 in)
Max weight difference between con rods in same engine	±2.5 grams	

# Flywheel

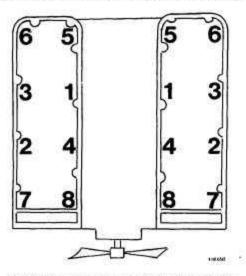
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Axial throw, max	0.05 mm	(0.0019 in)
Radial throw, max (measured at diameter 282.4 mm)	0.15 mm	(0.0059 in)

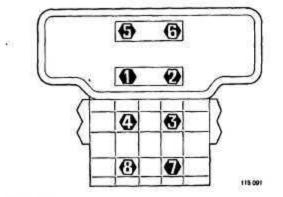
# TIGHTENING TORQUES

The tightening torques shown below apply to oiled nuts and bolts.

Degreased (washed) parts must be oiled prior to assembly.



Tightening sequence for cylinder head bolts



Tightening sequence for main bearings (via lower crankcase)

Tighten all bolts in stages according to below:

- 1 = 10 Nm (1 kpm = 7 ft. lbs)
- 2 = 30 Nm (3 kpm = 22 ft. lbs)
- 3 = 60 Nm (6 kpm = 44 ft. lbs)
- 4 = Wait 10-15 minutes
- 5 = Slacken bolts
- 6 = 15-20 Nm (1.5-2.0 kpm = 11-15 ft. lbs)
- 7 = Angle-tighten to 113-117°
- 8 = Warm-up engine to operating temperature
- 9 = Cool block 30 minutes
- 10 = Slacken and then retighten bolts one at a time in specified tightening order.
  - Retighten according to stages 6 and 7.

#### Main bearings

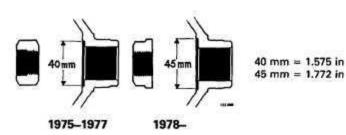
Tighten all nuts in stages:

1 = 30 Nm (22 ft. lbs)

- 2 = Slacken nut 1
- 3 = Tighten nut 1 to 30–35 Nm (22–26 ft. lbs.)
- 4 = Angle-tighten nut 1 73°-77°
- 5 = Slacken and retighten the other nuts in the order specified in stages 2–4.

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	Nm	IT. IDS.
Cylinder head (see below)		
Connecting rod bearings	45-50	33-37
Crankshaft front end, 1975-1977		118-133
1978–		177-207



	Nm	ft. lbs.
Camshaft sprocket	70-90	52-66
Flywheel (always use new bolts)	45-50	33-37
Spark plugs (do not oil)	12±2	9±1.5
Valve cover	15	11

# **Group 22 Lubricating system**

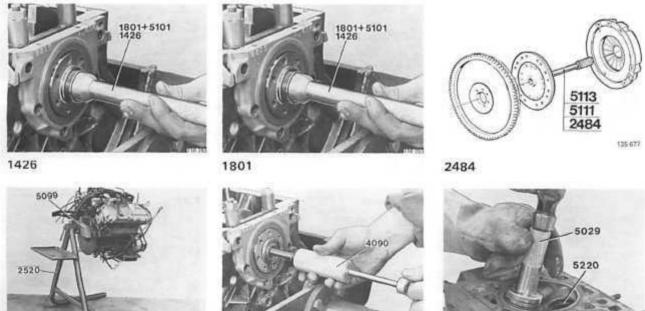
# **OIL PUMP**

End float	0.025-0.084 mm (0.0009-0.0033 in)
Radial play between cog tip and pump housing	
wall (excl. bearing play)	0.110-0.185 mm (0.0043-0.0072 in)
Backlash (excl. bearing play)	0.17-0.27 mm (0.0066-0.0106 in)
Bearing play, drive shaft	0.015-0.053 mm (0.0006-0.0021 in)
idler shaft	0.015-0.051 mm (0.0059-0.0020 in)
Relief valve spring, length at various loads:	
unioaded	89.5 mm (3.52 in)
loaded to 88.3 N (8.83 kp = 20 lbs)	56.5-60.5 mm (2.22-2.33 in)

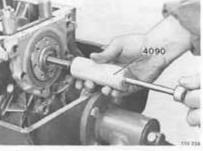
# **Special tools**

999	Description – use
1426-9	Drift: fitting pilot bearing in crankshaft (late type)
1801-3	Standard handle: used with 5101 and 5953
2484-7	Centering drift: clutch, M45/46 gearboxes (early type)
2520-8	Stand: used with fixture 5099
4090-0	Extractor: pilot bearing
5029-7	Drift: fitting intake valve seat

Continued on page 12.



2520

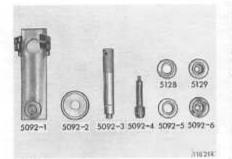


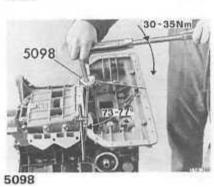
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4090

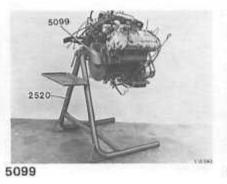
# Special tools

999	Description – use
5092-5	Combined tools: (6 parts) removing – fitting gudgeon (piston) pins 5128 and 5129 also required for Mahle pistons.
5093-3	Retainer: (4 x) for cylinder liners
5096-6	Spacer sleeve: main bearings
5098-2	Protractor: for angle-tightening cylinder head bolts and main bearing nuts
5099-0	Fixture: for engine. Used with 2520
5101-4	Drift: fitting pilot bearing in crankshaft (early type). Used with 1801
5103-0	Drift: fitting crankshaft front oil seal
5108-9	Drift: fitting valve guide – intake
5109-7	Drift: fitting valve guide – exhaust
5111-3	Centering drift: clutch, M45/46 gearboxes (late type)
5112-1	Locking sector: locking flywheel
5113-9	Centering drift: clutch, M50/51 gearboxes
5128-7	Piston support: removing gudgeon pin from Mahle piston. Used with 5092
5129-5	Piston support: fitting gudgeon pin in Mahle piston. Used with 5092
5165-9	Reamer kit: valve guides: contains 5164 (early type), 5224 (late type), 5166, 5167 and 5168
5166-7	Reamer: valve guide seat oversize 1
5167-5	Reamer: valve guide seat oversize 2
5168-3	Reamer: valve guide seat oversize 3
5192-3 5218-6 5220-2	Support: for dial indicator. Measuring cylinder liner height and piston height. Also 5094 can be used Drift: removing valve guides. Fitting oil seal on valve guide Drift: fitting valve seat – exhaust
5224-4	Reamer: cleaning valve guides. Also 5164 can be used
5953-8	Drift: fitting crankshaft rear oil seal. Used with 1801

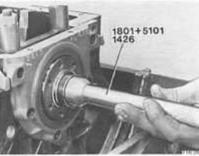






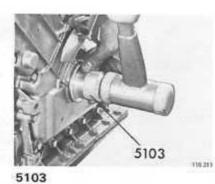


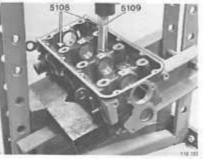




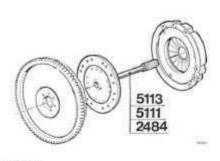
Special tools

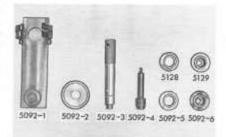
156 218



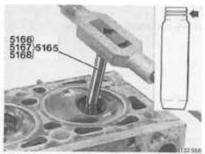


5108, 5109

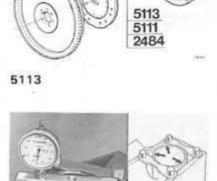


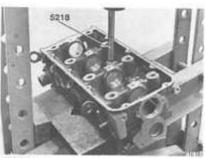


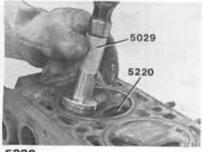


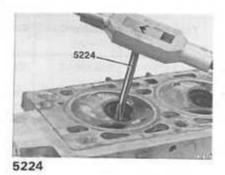


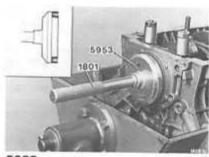
5165 (5166, 5167, 5168)



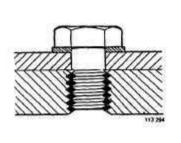








# A. Thread repairs





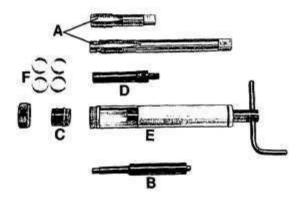
## General

A damaged thread can usually be repaired with a thread insert. Thread inserts and installation tools are available from Volvo Parts.

A1

A2

Note! Some threads can/may not be repaired with thread inserts, see next page.



#### Installation tools

Tools to install thread repair inserts are supplied in kits. Some thread inserts are also included in the kits. See the table below.

Note! Each tool can be ordered separately.

		Contents of complete kit					
Thread	Complete kit	Тар А	Tang B	Mandrel C	Crank D	Tool E	Thread inserts (10 x) F
M 6x1	998 5840-9	998 5802-9	998 5803-7	998 5804-5	998 5805-2	4)	956014-5 + 956015-2
M 7x1	998 5841-7	998 5806-0	998 5807-8	998 5808-6	998 5809-4	4)	948015-3 + 941843-5
M 8x1.25	998 5842-5	998 5810-2	998 5811-0	998 5812-8	998 5813-6	4)	956018-6 + 956019-4
M 10x1.5	998 5843-3	998 5814-4	998 5815-1	998 5816-9	998 5817-7	4)	956022-8 + 956023-6
M 12x1.5	998 5844-1	998 5818-5	998 5819-3	998 5820-1	998 5821-9	4)	948094-8 + 948095-5
M 14x1.25	998 5845-8 <sup>1</sup>	998 5823-5	2)	998 5824-3	998 5825-0	4)	948756-2
M 14x1.25	998 5846-6	998 5826-8	2)	998 5824-3	998 5825-0	4)	948756-2
M 14x1.5	998 5847-4	998 5827-6	2)	998 5828-4	998 5829-2	4)	948758-8
M 16x1.5	998 5848-2	998 5831-8	2) 2) 2) 2) 2) 2)	3)	3)	998 5832-6	947847-0
M 18×1.5 5/8"-	998 5849-0	998 5833-4	0-335	3)	3)	998 5834-2	947843-9
18UNF	998 5850-8	998 5860-7	2)	3)	3)	998 5861-5	948755-4

130 384

2) Use flat nosed pliers or similar tool.

3) Supplied with set.

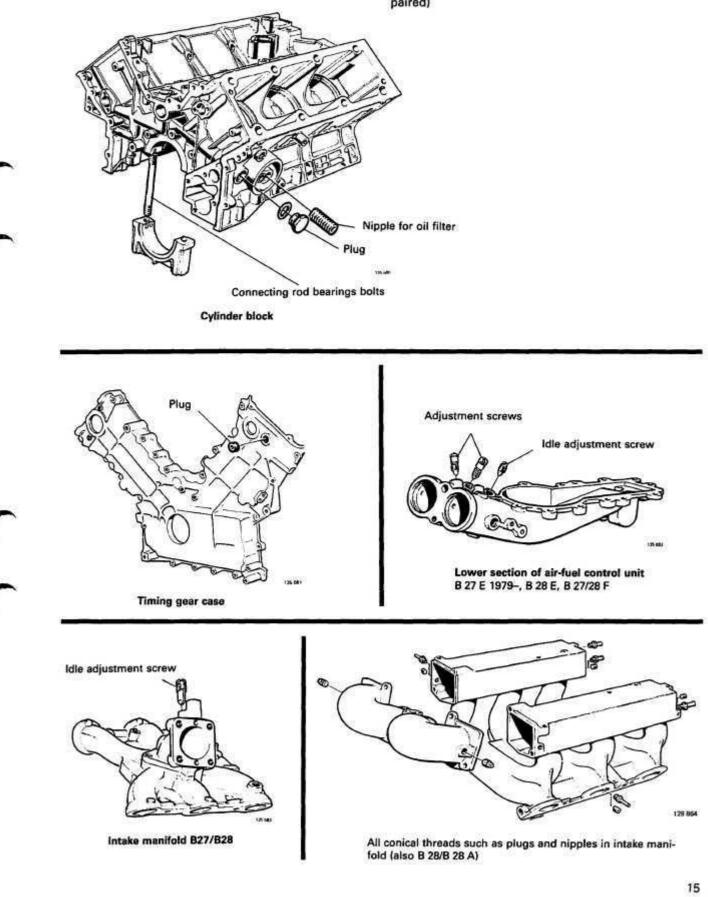
4) Tool 998 5830-0 is not supplied with complete kit, but may be ordered separately.

Notes: <sup>11</sup> Designed especially for spark plug threads (do not drill).

#### A3

#### Do not repair these threads

(Threads shown below cannot or must not be repaired)

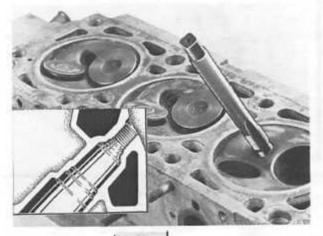


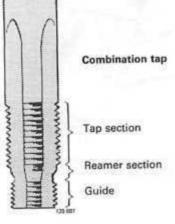
Thread repairs

Thread repair insert,	Thread	Length mm	P/N	Drill dia mm
drill diameter	M 6x1	9.0 12.0	956014-5 956015-2	6.3 6.3
j	M 7x1	10.5 14.0	948015-3 941843-5	7.3 7.3
$\square$	M 8x1.25	8.0 11.4 16.0	956017-8 956018-6 956019-4	8.4 8.4 8.4
	M 10x1.5	10.0 15.0 20.0 25.0	956021-0 956022-8 956023-6 956024-4	10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5
	M 12x1.5	12.0 24.0 30.0	948094-8 948095-5 956028-5	12.5 12.5 12.5
ø	M 14x1.25	14.5	948756-2	14.3
i ras a	M 14x1.5	10.0	948758-8	14.5
	M 16x1.5	12.0	947847-0	16.5
	Mx18x1.5	13.5	947843-9	18.5
	5/88"x18UNF	8.0	948755-4	16.4



A4





# Repairing spark plug threads

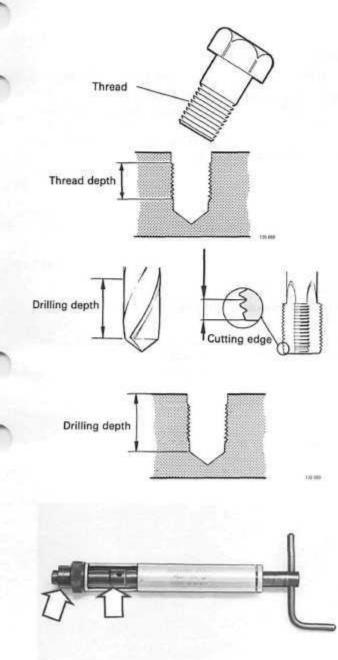
Cylinder head must be removed first. Tap hole from inside to avoid damaging seat for spark plug.

Do not drill the hole. Use tap 998 5823-5.

Re-cut old threads only. Do not cut further into cylinder head. Spark plug bore must not be threaded along entire length.

Screw in thread insert (P/N 948756-2).

#### Installing thread inserts



Select drill size, tap and insert Measure length and thread of old hole.

A7

A6

#### Tap hole

NOTE! Special instructions for spark plug holes, see page 16.

Measure depth of hole. Drill out hole to this depth.

Cut the screw thread to such a depth that the thread insert makes contact with fully cut screw thread along its entire length.

Clean the hole.

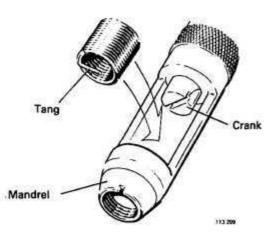
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A8

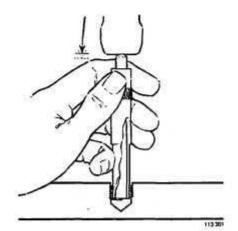
#### Assemble installation tool

M6-M14 threads: fit correct mandrel and crank in installation tool 998 5830-0.

M16 and coarser threads: use the prescribed complete installation tool.



# 113 39



#### Fit thread insert in installation tool

Fit the thread insert in the tool with the tang facing downwards.

Turn the crank clockwise until the tang of the thread insert engages the slot in the crank.

Without pressing, screw the thread insert into the mandrel until the first thread of the insert is flush with the opening of the mandrel.

A10

A9

#### Install thread insert

Hold the tool vertically above the centre of the hole.

Without pressing, screw in the thread insert until the top thread of the insert is at least 1/2 a thread below the working surface (0.5 x pitch). The insert must not be screwed in to the bottom otherwise it will not be possible to break off the tang.

A11

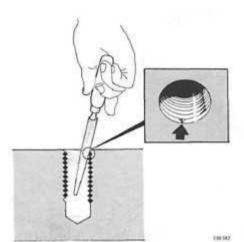
#### Break off tang

M16-M12 threads: use the tang breaker in the installation kit.

M14 and coarser threads: use a pair of flat nosed pliers to break off the tang downwards.

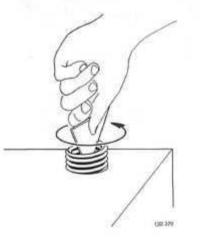
Remove the tang from the hole.

## Removing thread repair inserts



#### File groove in thread insert

Using a triangular file make a groove in the top thread of the insert, approx. 1/4 of a thread from the end. Take care not to damage the thread holding the insert.



#### Remove thread insert

Insert a sharp edge of a triangular scraper in the groove. Press downwards and rotate anti-clockwise until the insert is removed.

Fit new thread insert

Clean the hole with a tap and fit a new insert.

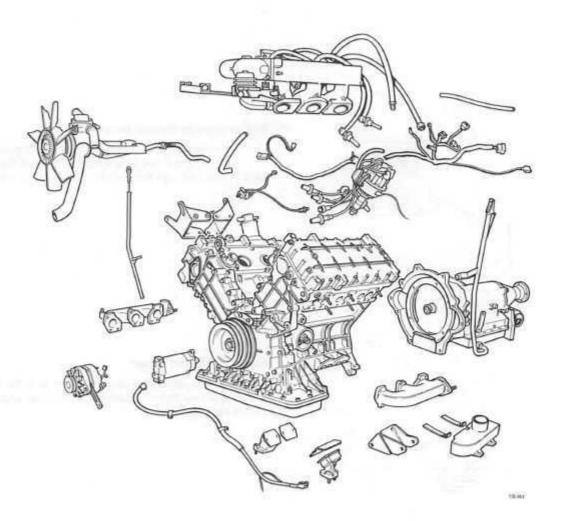
A13

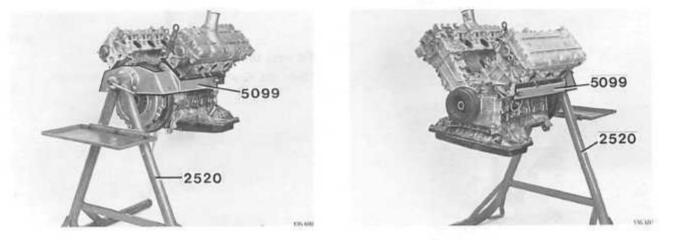
A12

# **Reconditioning engine**

Special tools: 1426, 1801, 2484, 2520, 4090, 5029, 5092, 5093, 5096, 5098, 5099, 5101, 5103, 5108, 5109, 5111, 5112, 5128, 5129, 5165, 5192, 5218, 5220, 5953

For the overhaul of the engine it is presumed that the components shown in the illustration below have already been removed. Also that the engine is mounted on universal stand 2520 with support 5099.





#### Disassembly

# B. Engine, disassembly

5112

#### TIMING GEARS

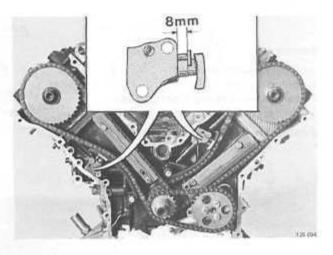
Remove crankshaft pulley

36 mm socket.

Use locking sector 5112 to prevent engine from rotating.

Pulley key must point upwards when pulley is removed otherwise it will drop into crankcase.





#### Remove:

- valve covers
- timing gear case
- seal from timing gear case.

Cover holes in crankcase with e.g. paper to prevent dirt from entering.

#### Check chain wear

Check position of belt tensioners. If tensioner pin protrudes by 4 or more notches (8 mm = 0.32'') chains should be renewed.

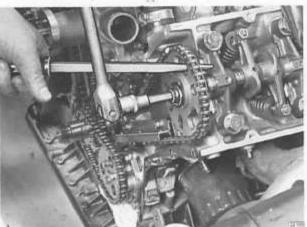
IMPORTANT! If chains are replaced, sprockets and oil strainers must also be replaced.

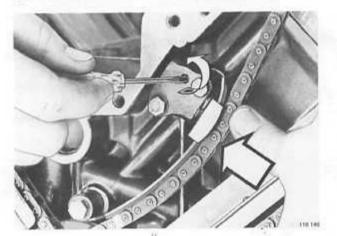
B2

B3

B1

Disassembly





screwdriver.

Allen key 10 mm.

#### Slacken timing gear chains

Slacken camshafts centre bolts

Turn each lock 1/4 turn anti-clockwise and push in piston.

If necessary prevent sprocket from rotating with a

B6

**B**7

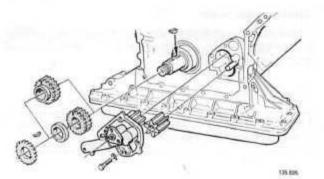
B5

**B4** 

#### **Remove:**

- oil pump sprocket and chain
- chain tensioners and oil strainers (see arrows)
- bent and straight chain dampers
- camshaft sprockets and chains.

-



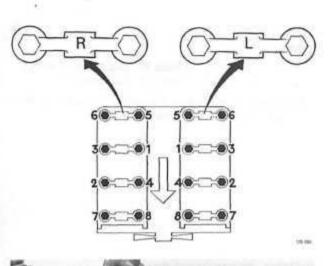
#### Remove:

- oil pump with sprocket
- outer sprocket
- spacer sleeve (early type) and key
- inner sprocket and key.
- If necessary use a puller to remove sprockets.

Disassembly

**B8** 

**B**9



#### CYLINDER HEAD

#### Remove rocker arms

Mark left and right rocker arms. Slacken bolts in sequence shown adjacent.

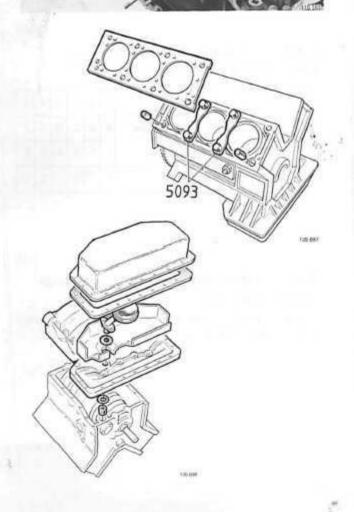
#### **Remove cylinder heads**

Do not lift cylinder head directly up otherwise cylinder liners may lift as well.

Use two bars (Ø 12 mm, length 300 mm) and lift off cylinder head as illustrated.

Place cylinder heads on wooden blocks to prevent damage.

#### Remove:



- cylinder head gaskets

- guide sleeves, use a pair of pliers.

B11

B12

#### Fit liner holders 5093

Two per side.

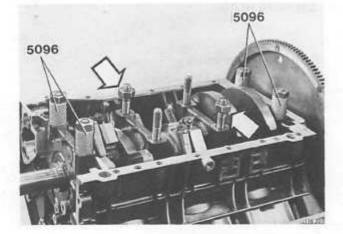
Liner holders must always be used when cylinder head is removed.

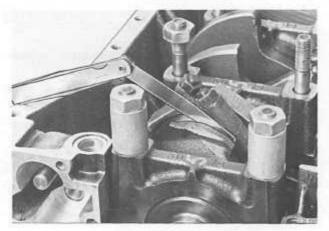
#### OIL SUMP, LOWER CRANKCASE

#### Remove:

- oil sump with gasket
- oil strainer with O-ring
- splash panel
- lower crankcase
- O-ring for oil channels and guide sleeve.

#### Disassembly





#### Install:

- main bearing holder 5096 for two outer bearings

- a nut for the two centre main bearings.

This is to prevent the crankshaft/main bearings from falling out when the engine is turned.

#### PISTONS, CONNECTING RODS

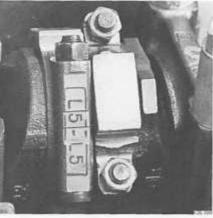
Check con rod side clearance	
Use a feeler gauge.	0.20–0.38 mm
Clearance, new parts	(0.008–0.015")

If clearance is too great, con rods must be replaced. Note that con rods must be replaced in sets.



B14





#### Check marking of con rod and cap

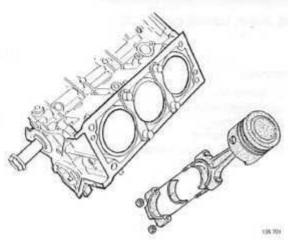
If necessary mark as follows:

Cylinder		1	4	2	5	3	6
Marking of con	early type	A	в	с	D	E	F
rod and cap late type		1	2	3	4	5	6
Crank webs (from re	ar)	1		2		3	

B16

#### Remove pistons with con rods and bearings Clean cylinder liners.

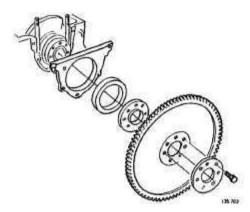
Assemble con rod, cap and bearing shells to prevent interchange of parts.



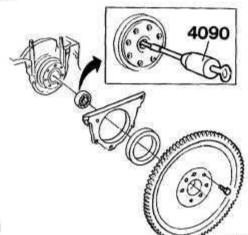
B13

#### Disassembly

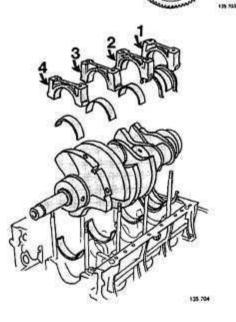
B17



Automatic



Manual



#### FLYWHEEL, CRANKSHAFT

Automatic transmission

#### Remove:

- carrier plate. Use locking sector 5112 to lock flywheel when bolts are removed
- rear sealing flange. Tap out seal from flange.

#### Manual gearbox

B18

#### Remove:

- pressure plate and clutch disc. Slacken pressure plate bolts crosswise, a few turns at a time to prevent warp.
- flywheel. Use locking sector 5112 to prevent engine from rotating
- rear sealing flange. Tap out bearing from flange
- pilot bearing from crankshaft. Use puller 4090.

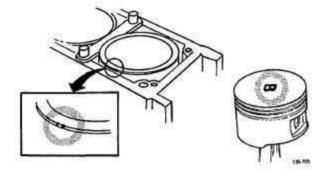
#### Remove crankshaft, main bearings and thrust bearings

Check marking of bearing caps, mark if necessary. Caps are marked 1–4, counting from rear.

IMPORTANT! Do not interchange bearing shells and caps.

Cleaning, checking

# C. Cleaning, checking



#### Check type of piston and cylinder liner

Pistons and liners are matched sets, based on diameter. Three types are available as follows:

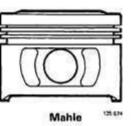
marking

C1

C2

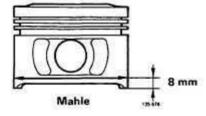
C3

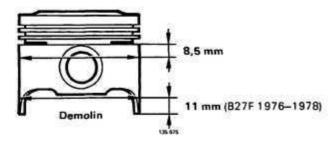
Liner, marking	Piston,
1 notch	Α
2 notches	в
3 notches	С



Check make of pistons

B 27 engines = Demolin or Mahle. B 28 engines = Mahle.





#### Measure piston diameter

Measure at right angles to gudgeon (piston) pin bore.

Diameter must be measured at different heights depending on make and model year.

- All Mahle pistons = 8 mm (0.31 in) from lower edge
- B 27 F 1976–1978 with Demolin pistons = 11 mm (0.43 in) from lower edge
- Other Demolin pistons = 8.5 mm (0.33 in) from lower edge of oil ring groove.

See specifications on pages 4-5 for diameters of new parts.

Cleaning, checking

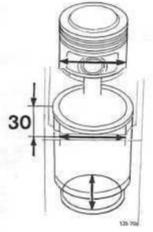
C4

# 

#### Measure cylinder diameter

Use a dial indicator (50–100 mm = 1.97–3.94 in). Measure max. wear 30 mm (1.18 in) from block surface.

Measure min. wear at lower turning point of piston. See specifications on page 3 for diameter of new parts.



#### Calculate piston clearance

Example:

Cylinder bore, measured diameterm	in. 91.010	max. 91.035
Piston diameter, measured	90.085	90.985
Piston clearancen	nin. 0.025	max. 0.050

Piston clearance for new parts:

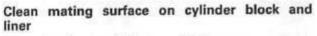
B 27	Demol	in piston	0.090–0.110 mm
			(0.0035-0.0043 in)
	Mahle	piston	0.020–0.040 mm
			(0.0008-0.0016 in)
B 28	Mahle	piston	0.020-0.040 mm
		400/0000005555110005	(0.0008-0.0016 in)

If clearance is too large replace liners, piston and gudgeon pin. These parts are matched and can only be purchased in kits of six.

Remove liner if piston/liner is to be replaced. Proceed to



C5



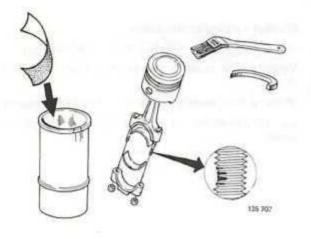
Use a plastic putty knife to avoid damage.

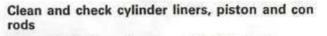
#### C6

#### Mark position of cylinder liner before removing liner

Mark position and number of each liner. Do not scratch surface.

#### Cleaning, checking





Clean cylinder bores to remove bright surfaces.

Remove piston rings with piston ring pliers.

Scrape out piston ring grooves.

Check for:

- damage, wear, cracks
- out-of-round gudgeon pin bores
- threads on connecting rod bolts.



045 0 074 ---

C7



Use a feeler gauge.

Axial clearance, new rings:

0.045-0.074 mm
(0.0018-0.0029 in)
. 0.025-0.054 mm
(0.0010-0.0021 in)
. 0.009-0.233 mm
(0.0004-0.0092 in)

C9

#### Measure piston ring gap

Insert piston ring in bore, one at a time. Use an inverted piston to ensure that rings take up correct position.

Measure gap with ring 15 mm (0.6 in) from lower edge. Use a feeler gauge.

Piston ring gap, new parts measured in 88 mm (3.4646 in) (B 27) or 91 mm (3.5826 in) (B 28) cylinder diameter:

 upper and lower compression rings . 0.40–0.58 mm (0.0157–0.0228 in)

- oil scraper ring...... 0.38-1.43 mm (0.0150-0.0563 in)

Replacing damaged connecting rod bolt Operations C10–11

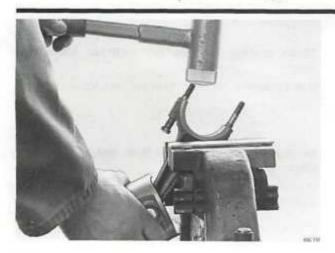
C10

#### Hammer out old bolt

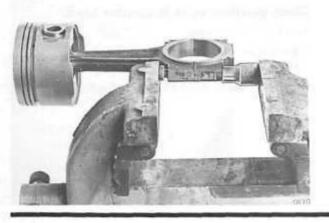
Remove bearing cap and shells. Mount connecting rod in vice protected by soft jaws.

Tap out bolt with a plastic mallet. Hold piston to prevent damage.

The second secon



Cleaning, checking





Position bearing cap, observe identification marks. Place a 12 mm socket beneath cap. Press in bolt.

C11



Remove all plugs before cleaning block. Do not remove identification marks for cylinder liners when cleaning. Clean:

- sealing surfaces. Use a plastic putty knife
- bearing seats

93

128.717

- oil and water channels
- cylinder head bolt holes.

Check for damage, cracks and wear. Also check threads on main bearing bolts.

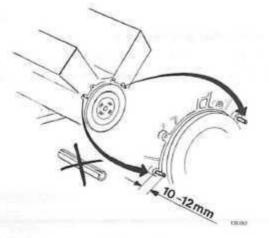
Re-fit plugs using new seals.

Note! Carry out operation C13 before installing block in fixture.

#### Tightening torque:

-	M12 bolts	15-20	Nm	(11-15	ft.lbs.)
-	M18 plugs	30-40	Nm	(22-30	ft.lbs.)
-	M25 plugs	40-45	Nm	(29-33	ft.lbs.)
4	oil pressure sender	30-40	Nm	(22 - 30)	ft.Ibs.)

- adapter for oil dipstick ..... 20-30 Nm (15-22 ft.lbs.)



#### Check guide pins for gearbox

Guide pins must protrude 10–12 mm (0.39–0.47 in) from cylinder block.

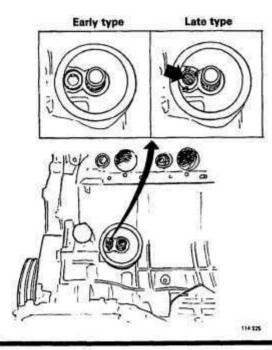
If tubular pins are fitted replace these with solid type (P/N 1232544-5).

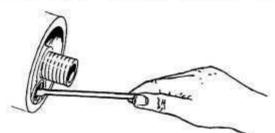
Secure pins with locking fluid.

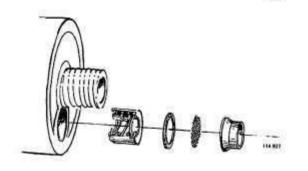
C13

#### Cleaning, checking

-----







Check overflow valve in cylinder block

Two types are in use:

- early type = without filter
- late type = with filter

Early type valves must be replaced with new type.

Overflow valve, replacement **Operations C15–17** 

ways.

Remove old valve and clean seat Use a screwdriver.

Important! Take care not to damage the oil filter mating surfaces and make sure that dirt does not enter the oil-

Install new parts Install valve with spring facing inwards.

C17

C16

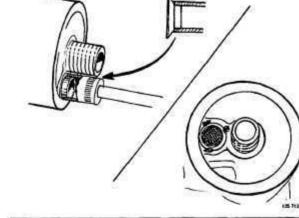
C15

C14

#### Tap in washer and secure it

Use an 11 mm (inner diameter) socket.

Secure washer by making three notches in block with a drift.



Cleaning, checking

C18

#### Clean and check crankshaft, main bearing caps and main bearings

Clean oilways in crankshaft with a piece of wire and blow clean.

Also check sealing surfaces on crankshaft.

IMPORTANT! Do not interchange bearing caps and shells.

#### C19

#### Measure crankshaft

Measure out-of-roundness and taper of crank pins. Use a micrometer and take measurements at several different positions.

Max.	out-of-round 0.007	mm	(0.0003")
Max.	taper 0.01	mm	(0.0004")

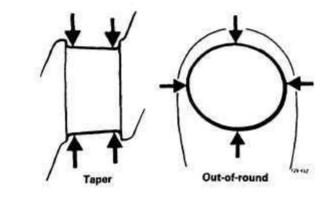
Crank pins can be ground to a smaller size, see specifications on page 9.

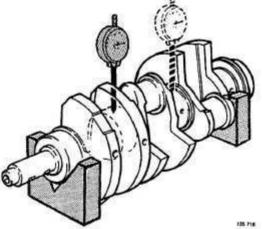
If crankshaft is thought to be out-of-true check with a dial indicator.

Support crankshaft by two outer main bearings on a Vblock.

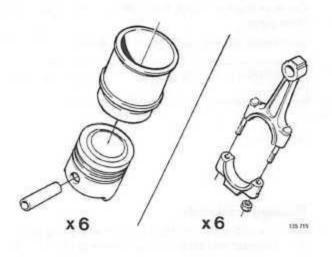
Rotate one turn and measure out-of-true for two centre crank pins. Out-of-true = max. 0.02 mm (0.0008 in).

IMPORTANT! B 27 E 1975 models may be fitted with early type crankshafts, see C20.





#### Cleaning, checking



Replacing piston or connecting rod Operations C20–29

#### General

Pistons – connecting rods should only be disassembled when replacing pistons/liners. Once a piston has been removed it may not be used again. This is because the piston is deformed when the gudgeon (piston) pin is removed.

If a connecting rod is to be removed, it is not necessary to disassemble the piston-connecting rod since new connecting rods and pistons must be used.

Liner – piston – gudgeon pin are supplied in matched sets (six).

Connecting rods are supplied in kits of six. Note that all six connecting rods must be replaced at the same time.

#### **IMPORTANT B 27 E 1975**

Engine types 498354 and 498356 up to and incl. engine no. 7630.

Exchange engine 1218098.

The above engines may be equipped with early type crankshafts and connecting rods. Only parts of the same type may be used together.

C21

C20

#### Tools required to replace piston or connecting rod

- 5092-1 Holder
- 5092-2 Connecting rod support for big end
- 5092-3 Drift to press out gudgeon pin, also used as handle to press in pin
- 5092-4 Guide pin, used to press in gudgeon pin

Additional tools required for Demolin pistons:

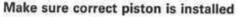
5092-5 Piston support, used when pressing out gudgeon pin (with large bore)

5092-6 Piston support, used when pressing in gudgeon pin.

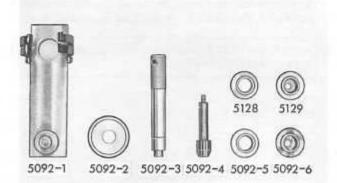
Additional tools required for Mahle pistons:

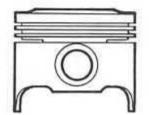
- 5128 Piston support, used when pressing out gudgeon pin (with large bore)
- 5129 Piston support, used when pressing in gudgeon pin.

C22



B 27 engines = Demolin or Mahle pistons. B 28 engines = Mahle pistons.





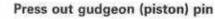
Demolin



Mahle

Cleaning, checking

C23

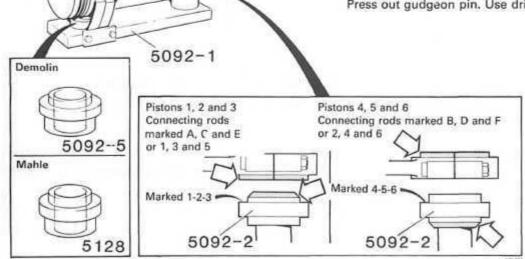


Assemble support tool. Use piston support 5092-5 for Demolin pistons and 5128 for Mahle pistons.

Note that support 5092-2 must be turned different ways for different pistons.

Position piston with connecting rod and cap, but without bearing shells, in support. Arrow on top of piston must point up.

Press out gudgeon pin. Use drift 5092-3.





1 m m

5092-3

#### **Check connecting rods**

Use an alignment gauge.

Check out-of-true, twist, S-form.

Check bolt threads and replace if necessary, see C10-11.

C25

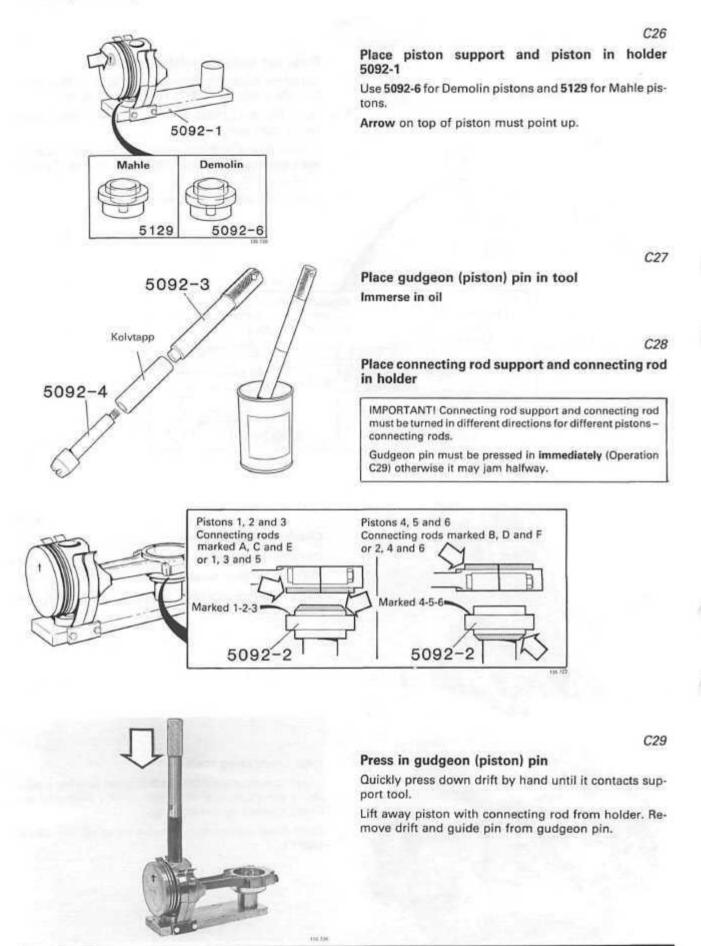
C24

#### Heat connecting rods

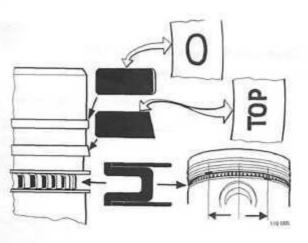
Install caps on connecting rods but not bearing shells. There should be approx. 1 mm (0.04") clearance between connecting rod and cap.

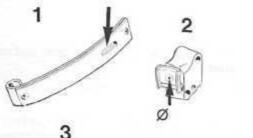
Place small end on heater and heat to approx. 250°C (480°F).

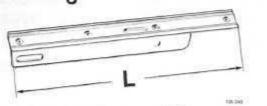
Cleaning, checking

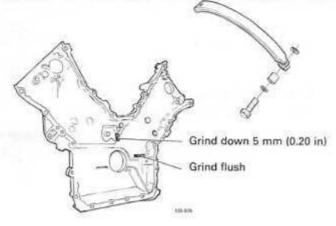


Cleaning, checking









Install piston rings Note position of oil ring gap.

C31

C30

# Check if chain dampers and tensioners are of early or late type

Early types must be replaced with new ones.

IMPORTANT! Late type chain tensioners may only be used with late type chain dampers.

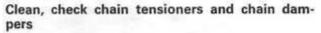
1 bent chain damper . 2 chain tensioner		Late type with oilway Ø = 1.2 mm (0.047")
3 straight chain	L = 174 mm	L = 220 mm
damper	(6.85'')	(8.66'')

IMPORTANT! On B 27 engines manufactured up to approx. middle of 1976 a bent chain damper with a small mounting is fitted.

When replacing this type with a late type chain damper, late type screws, washers and spacers must be fitted.

In addition two faces on the timing gear case must be ground to make space for the new wider dampers. One face must be ground down by 5 mm and the other flush.

C32



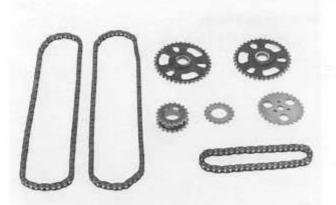
Important! Do not disassemble tensioners. If locking pin falls out, complete tensioner must be replaced.

Check that oilways in chain tensioners do not leak.

Check dampers for damage and wear.

Replace parts as necessary.

### Cleaning, checking



# A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL

### Clean, check chains and sprockets

Check for damage and wear.

125,704

129 461

IMPORTANT! If damaged, replace chains and sprockets together. Also replace oil strainers behind tensioners.

### C34

C33

# Clean, check flywheel (man. gearbox) and carrier plate (auto.)

Carrier plate with ring gear must be replaced as one unit.

Damaged or worn flywheel must be replaced with ring gear attached. Ring gears can be replaced separately.

New flywheels are rustproofed and should be washed (degreased) prior to assembly.

Replacing ring gear Operations C35–39

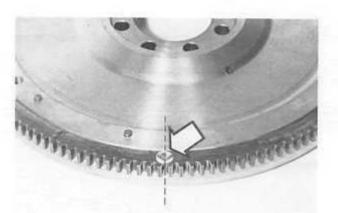
C35

C36

### Heat new ring gear to +230°C (446°F)

Heat in an oven or by oxyacetylene flame.

If oven is to be used begin heating now. With oxyacetylene, heat just before installation.



### Drill hole between two cogs

Use a 10 mm (0.4 in) drill.

Hole depth = 9 mm (0.35 in).

IMPORTANT! Do not drill into flywheel since it may become out-of-balance.

36

Cleaning, checking



### Remove ring gear

# Mount the flywheel in a vice protected by soft jaws.

Lever off ring gear with a screwdriver. It may be necessary to split the ring gear above the drilled hole. Clean mating surfaces on flywheel.

### C38

### Heat new ring gear to approx. 230°C (446°F)

Check temperature with solder (40% tin, 60% lead). Solder melts at 220-230°C (428-446°F).

C39

### Install new ring gear

Position ring gear.

IMPORTANTI Bevelled side of ring gear must face flywheel.

If necessary tap ring gear until flush. Use a brass drift.

Leave to cool.

125 449

C40

### Clean and inspect oil pump

Disassemble and clean oil pump.

Check for damage and wear and also that relief valve plunger runs smoothly.

Check that axle is firmly secured to cylinder block.

Test relief valve in a spring tester.

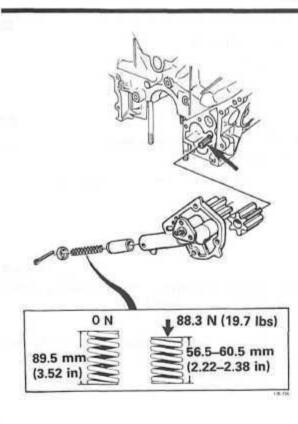
Replacement oil pumps are only available as complete units (pump body cover, gears and relief valve). Spare parts for the relief valve are, however, available.

Re-assemble pump.

### C41

### Clean and check parts

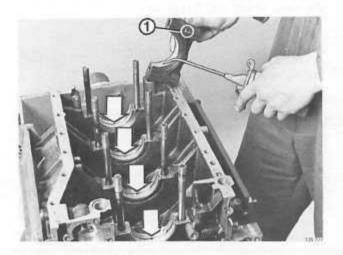
Oil strainer, sump, lower crankcase, valve covers and timing gear case.



Assembly

# D. Engine assembly

Always use new seals, O-rings and gaskets when assembling the engine.



### CRANKSHAFT

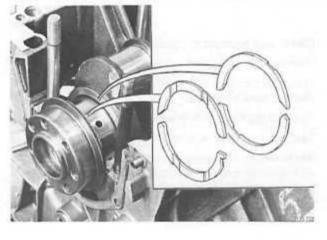
D1

# Install main bearing shells in engine block and main bearing cap

Make sure that matched pairs are installed together. Bearing cap at flywheel end is marked 1.

Note! The holes in the bearing shells must coincide with the oilways in the engine block.

Lubricate the bearing shells and studs.



Locate crankshaft Lubricate bearings.

D3

D2

### Install thrust washer segments Lubricate washers. Note the oilways in the two lower segments.

D4

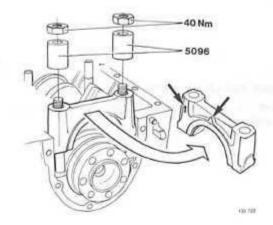
### Install rear main bearing cap with shells and holder 5096 for main bearing

Rear cap is marked 1.

Identification number and casting lug on the bearing cap should face forwards.

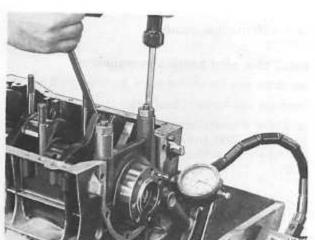
Install cap, holder and nuts.

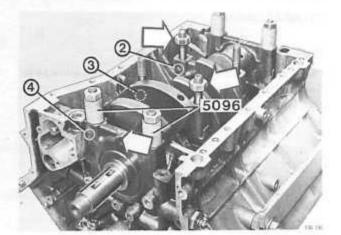
Torque to 40 Nm (30 ft.lbs.)

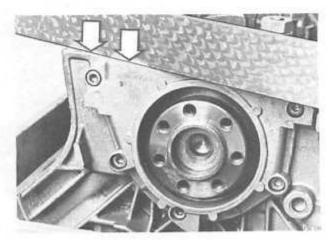


Assembly

D5







5953

1801

# Check crankshaft end float

Move the crankshaft lengthwise back and forth and measure the clearance with a dial indicator. 1.11

End float	0.070-0.270 mm
	(0.0027-0.0106")

Replace thrust washers if necessary. Washers are available in the following sizes:

standard	2.30-2.35 mm (0.0905-0.0925 in)
	2.40-2.45 mm (0.0944-0.0964 in)
	2.45-2.50 mm (0.0964-0.0984 in)
	2.50-2.55 mm (0.0984-0.1003 in)

D6

### Install three remaining main bearing caps with shells

Identification numbers 2, 3 and 4 and the casting lugs on the caps must face forwards.

Secure front bearing cap with holder 5096 and install nuts on each of the two centre caps.

### CRANKSHAFT REAR SEAL, PILOT BEARING

D7

D8

### Install seal holder

Use a new seal.

Using a straight edge, make sure that the holder is flush with the cylinder block.



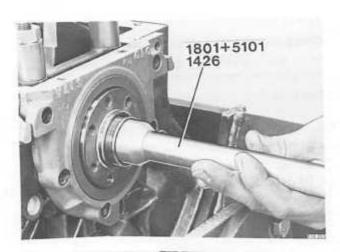
Assemble standard handle 1801 and drift 5953.

Lubricate the seal and groove. Pack grease between the sealing lips.

Place the seal on the drift, see fig.

Tap in the seal until the drift abuts the crankshaft.

### Assembly



### Install new pilot bearing in crankshaft

Cars with manual gearbox

Tap in the bearing until it abuts the crankshaft.

There are two types of bearings:

Early type = inner diameter 17 mm (0.669"). Use standard handle 1801 and drift 5101. Late type = inner diameter 15 mm (0.590"). Use drift 1426.

### CYLINDER LINERS

D10

D9

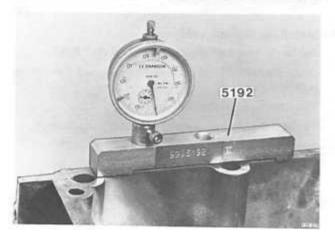
Check mating surfaces for shims

Check that surfaces in liner and block are clean and free from defects.



Install no 1 liner without shim Check line-up marks and number. Install two holder 5093, hand tight. D11

D12



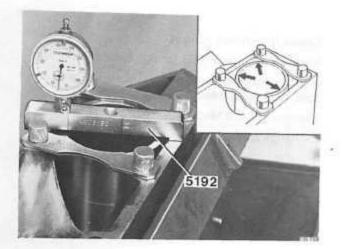
### Set dial indicator zero position

Place dial indicator in outer hole in holder 5192 (5094 can also be used).

Rest holder on a flat surface (e.g. cylinder block) and set zero.

### Assembly

D13



### Measure liner height

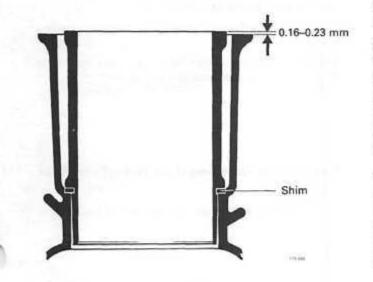
Measure at three different positions, as shown adjacent.

Difference between the three measurements must not exceed 0.05 mm If greater, check for dirt, etc.

Use the highest measurements for the calculation.

Example: 1st measurement	0.11	mm
2nd measurement	0.08	mm
3rd measurement		
Difference between measurements does not exi mm and highest measurement is 0.11 mm.	ceed	0.05

D14



### Select correct size shim

Distance between top of liner and block should be 0.16-0.23 mm. Gap should be as near as possible to 0.23 mm.

Select a shim which is the same or just under the calculated thickness.

Shims are available as follows:

Colour	Thickness
Blue	. 0.070-0.105 mm
White	
Red	
Yellow	. 0.130-0.165 mm

### 1111

Max, specified gap Measured gap (without shim)	
Difference Select a white shim.	0.12 mm



### Install same size shim on all liners

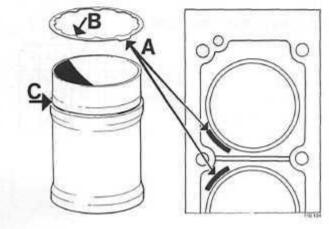
Colour marking should face upwards and be visible when liner is installed.

The tongues (B) on the inside of the shim should fit into the groove in the liner (C).

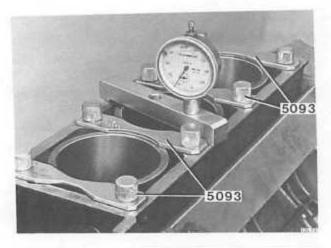
### Install liner in block

Observe liner identification marks as applicable.

D16

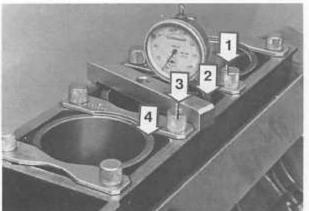


### Assembly



### Check liner/deck height

Install four holders 5093 for one bank of cylinders. Measure height at three places. Difference between values must **not exceed 0.05 mm** (0.0020"). Liner height = **0.16–0.23 mm** (0.0063–0.0091"). Exchange shims if necessary.



# Measure difference in height between next liner

Measure at points 1, 2, 3 and 4 as illustrated.

Difference between 1 and 2, and 3 and 4 must not exceed max. 0.04 mm (0.0016").

Exchange shims if necessary and re-measure according to D17.

If new liners are used and difference is too large, rotate liners or change positions and re-measure.



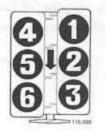
### D19

D17

D18

Measure liner/deck height for 2nd cylinder bank Follow D17–18.

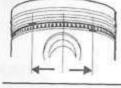
Then transfer the two outer holders to the 1st cylinder bank.

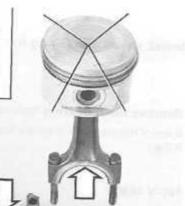


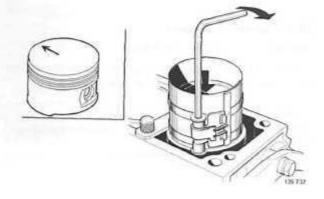
### PISTONS, CONNECTING RODS

Cylinder		1	4	2	5	3	6
Marking of connecting rod and cap	early type late type	A 1	B 2	С 3	D 4	E 5	F 6
Crank webs, from rear		1		2		3	-

Assembly







D20 Install bearing shells in connecting rods and caps

### D21

Turn piston rings so that gaps are not in line Note position of oil ring gap.

D22

D23



- cylinder bores

- pistons

105, 216

### Install piston

Use a piston ring compressor tool.

IMPORTANTI Arrow on top of piston must point forwards.

D24

### Install connecting rod cap

Use new nuts, lubricate mating surface.

Torque to 45-50 Nm (33-37 ft.lbs.).

Check that crankshaft can be rotated.

IMPORTANT! Marks on connecting rod and cap must match.

- Bearing gap should point:
- rearwards for cylinder 1, 2 and 3
- forwards for cylinders 3, 5 and 6.

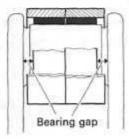
### LOWER CRANKCASE, SUMP

D25

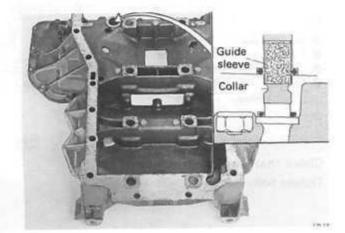
### Check if crankcase is early or late type

Late type crankcases are fitted with a collar to prevent the sleeve in the oil channel from falling down into the sump.

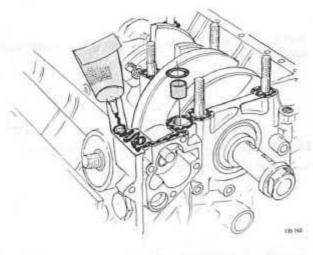
For early type crankcases, install a new sleeve (P/N 1161057-3) and secure with Locktite.

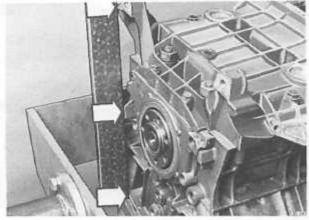


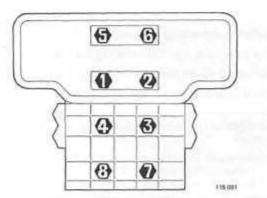


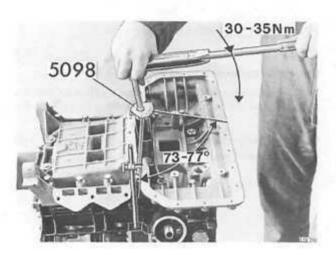


### Assembly









Install sleeve and O-ring in oil channel

D27

D26

### Remove main bearing holders and nuts

If any of the pin studs is slack torque to 15-20 Nm (11-15 ft.lbs.).

D28

### Apply sealer

Mating surfaces for lower crankcase as well as main bearing caps should be smeared with sealer P/N 1161058-1.

D29

### Install lower crankcase

Tighten nuts and bolts by hand.

Align crankcase so that rear edge is flush with cylinder block rear. Use a straight edge. Check both sides.

IMPORTANTI Crankcase and cylinder block must be flush otherwise distortions may result and cause noise or damage.

D30

### Tighten main bearing nuts

Tighten in order shown adjacent to 30 Nm (15 ft.lbs.).

Re-check that lower crankcase lies flush with the rear of cylinder block, see D29.

D31

### Angle-tighten main bearing nuts

Use protractor 5098.

A measuring stand can be used to align the protractor. The magnetic base of the stand should be placed on fixture 5099 and the arm pointed towards the protractor.

- Slacken nut 1
- Tighten nut 1 to 30–35 Nm (15–27 ft.lbs.).
- Angle-tighten nut 1 to 73–77°
- Slacken and re-tighten remaining nuts in order specified above.

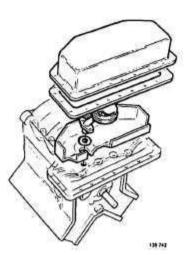
### Check that crankshaft rotates.

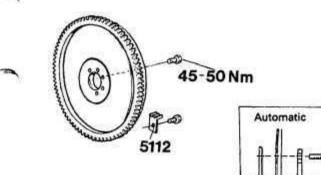
Tighten bolts for lower crankcase

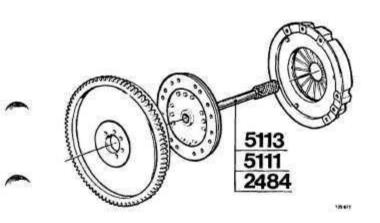
D32

### Assembly

D33







### install:

- splash panel
- oil strainer with O-ring
- oil sump with gasket.

### FLYWHEEL, CLUTCH, CARRIER PLATE

D34

### install flywheel (manual)

Install carrier plate (automatic)

Flywheel/carrier plate can only be installed in one position since bolt holes are asymmetrically located.

Use new bolts.

Torque to 45–50 Nm (33–37 ft.lbs.). Use locking sector 5112 to lock the flywheel.

Auto: Note position of support plates. Inner plate should be turned with bevel forwards.

D35

### Install clutch driven plate and pressure plate

Turn the plate so that the hub faces outwards, away from the flywheel.

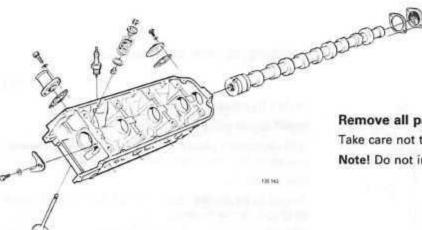
Different centering drifts for different types of gearboxes:

M50/51 = drift 5113 M45/46 early type = drift 2484 M45/46 late type = drift 5111

Tighten pressure plate retaining screws crosswise, a few turns at a time to avoid distorting the plate.

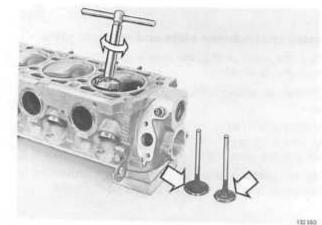
Cylinder head, reconditioning

# E. Cylinder head, reconditioning



### Remove all parts from cylinder head

Take care not to score/damage the mating surfaces. Note! Do not interchange valve parts.



### Clean cylinder head and parts

### E2

E1

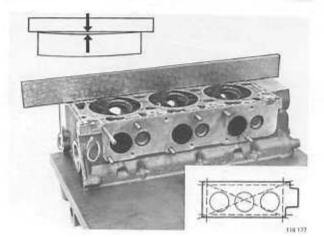
Remove carbon deposits from the combustion chambers and valves.

Clean valve seats with a grinder (to be able to see cracks, damage, etc.).

Clean gasket mating surfaces.

Use a plastic scraper and if necessary a fine grade wet abrasive paper.

E3



Check all parts Visible damage, wear, etc.

E4

### Check cylinder head for warp

Use a straight edge and feeler gauge.

Warp = max. 0.05 mm (0.002 in) per 100 mm (3.94 in).

The cylinder head must not be machined but instead replaced if the warp is too great.

### Cylinder head, reconditioning

E5

0,5mm

### Check camshaft end float

Position the camshaft and make sure that it turns easily.

Fit the locking fork. Measure the end float with a feeler gauge. The clearance must not exceed max. 0.5 mm (0.020 in). Replace the locking fork if the end float is too large.

Remove the locking fork and camshaft.

# 5-10 mm

Check valve guide - valve clearances

Use a dial indicator.

Use new valves and press up 5-10 mm (0.2-0.4 in) with finger when measuring.

The clearance must not exceed max. 0.15 mm (0.0059 in).

E6



The springs are colour coded, and two different types are used depending on engine type.

Colour code	Lenth, mm (in)	Load N (Ibs.)
100	47.2 (1.86)	0 0
GREY	40.0 (1.57)	233-268 (52-60)
	32.2 (1.27)	521-585 (116-131)
	47.1 (1.85)	0 0
GREEN	40.0 (1.57)	230-266 (51-59)
	30.0 (1.18)	613-689 (137-154)

Valve guide replacement **Operatons E8-14** 

### Press out valve guides

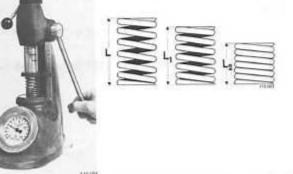
### Use drift 5218.

Place the cylinder head on a sloping surface so that the valve guides are vertical.

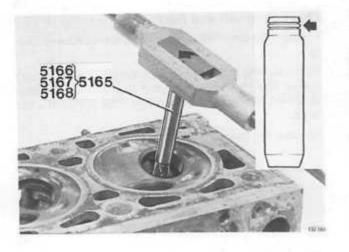
1163

5218

E8



Cylinder head, reconditioning



### Select a new valve guide, one size larger than old one

The valve guides are marked with grooves.

Valve guide	Mark	Reamer
Standard +	no groove	-
Oversize 1	1 groove	5166
2	2 grooves	5167 5165
3	3 grooves	5168

E10

E9

Ream seat for guide

See above table.

E11

Heat cylinder head to approx. 150°C. (300°F)

E12

### Cool valve guide to approx. -70°C (-95°F)

Use liquid carbon dioxide or equivalent to cool the valve guides.

Wear protective gloves and safety glasses.

# 

# 5224

### Press in new guide

Note! This must be done very quickly, within 3-4 secs.

Place the cylinder head on a sloping surface so that the valve guides are vertical.

Use drift 5108 for intake and 5109 for exhaust valve guides.

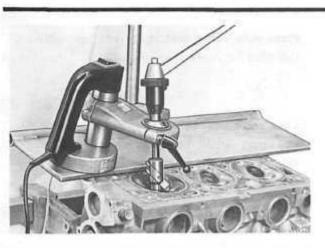
E14

## Clean inner surface of new valve guides Use reamer 5224.

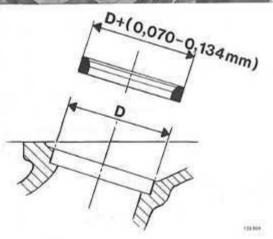
Reamer 5164 can also be used.

Valves and valve seats must be ground-in if guide has been replaced.

Cylinder head, reconditioning







Valve seat replacement Operations E15–22

Note! Valve guides must always be renewed before replacing seats, see E8-14.

### **Clean combustion chambers**

Clean the surfaces until the edge of the inserted seat is clearly visible.

E16

E15

### Remove valve seat

Machine the valve seat. Use Mira valve cutter P/N 998 6045-5. Follow the manufacturer's instructions.

Make sure that the cylinder head is not damaged. Clean carefully.

E17

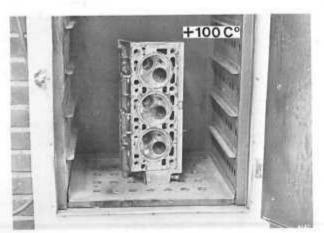
### Measure valve seat diameter in cylinder head and select a new seat of correct size

Use an internal micrometer.

Valve seats are available in three oversizes.

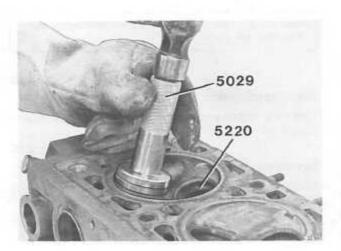
The interference between the valve seat and recess in the cylinder head must be 0.070–0.134 mm (0.0027–0.0052 in). I. e. the valve seat must be 0.070–0.134 mm larger than the recess in the cylinder head.

If too small, fit a new cylinder head. If too large, mill the valve seat to correct size. Use a valve cutter.



Heat up cylinder head Approx. 100°C. (212°F). E18

### Cylinder head, reconditioning



Place new valve seat in correct assembly tool Use 5029 for intake seats and 5220 for exhaust seats.

E20

E19

Cool valve seat to -70°C (-95°F) Use liquid carbon dioxide or equivalent. Wear protective gloves and safety glasses.

E21

E22

E23

E24

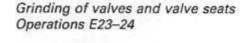
### Tap in valve seat

Note! This must be done quickly, within 3-4 seconds to avoid temperature loss.

### Check fit of valve seat

Make sure that the seat has bottomed correctly and is secure. If not, fit a larger size.

After valve seat replacement, valve seats must be milled and valves ground.



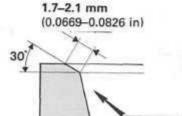
### Machine grind valves

Intake valves ...... 29.5° Exhaust valves ...... 44.5°

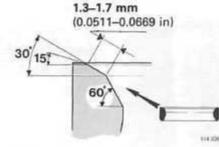
Also grind flush the end of the valve stem.

### Mill or grind valve seats Check valve fit

If necessary grind-in valves with grinding paste.



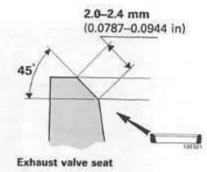
Intake valve seat Early types



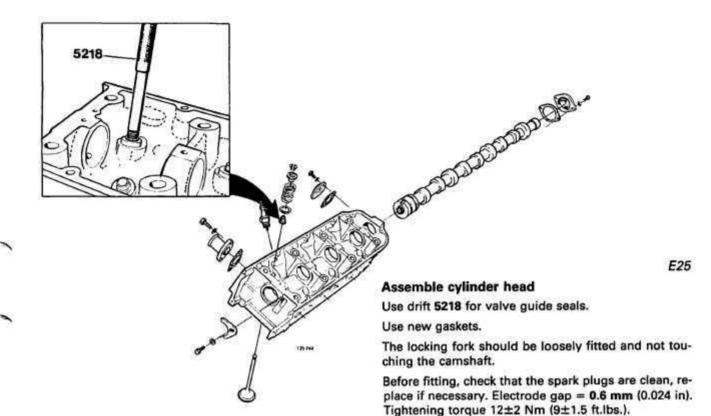
01

time

Intake valve seat Late types (venturi seat): 15° and 60° are correct angles to reduce seat width,



### Cylinder head, reconditioning



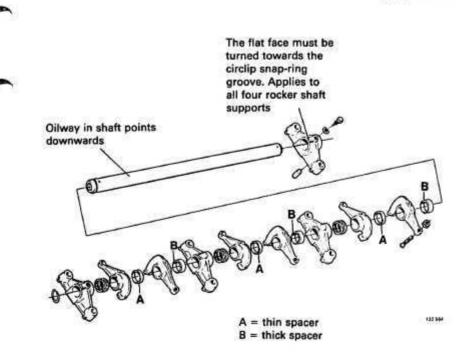
E26

### Clean and check rocker arm shaft

Disassemble only if necessary. (Place parts in order, so that they can be re-assembled in the same position.)

The clearance between the rocker arm and shaft is for new parts 0.012-0.054 mm. (0.0005-0.0021 in).

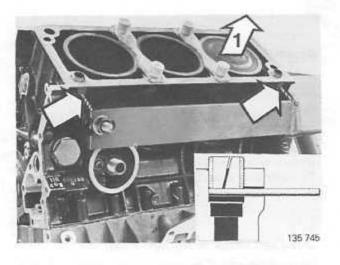
IMPORTANT! The rocker arm contact surface on the camshaft is face-hardened and must not be ground.

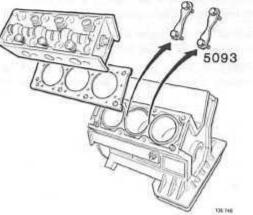


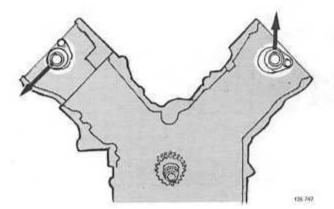
51

Assembly

# F. Engine, assembly







### CYLINDER HEAD

Install cylinder heads one at a time i.e. perform operations F1-7 separately for each cylinder head.

### Turn crankshaft to TDC for cyl. 1.

### Install guide sleeves in cylinder block

Secure the sleeves with e.g. a 3 mm drill. This prevents the sleeves from being forced down when the cylinder head is fitted.

### F3

F4

F1

F2

### Install cylinder head gasket and cylinder head

First remove liner holder 5093 and then the protective paper in the water passages.

Note! Different gaskets for right and left cylinder heads.

### Set camshaft

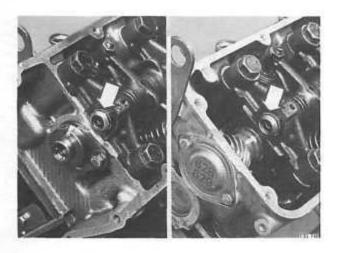
Left side: groove in camshaft must point up and No. 1 rocker arms should have clearance.

Right side: groove in camshaft must point out and down.

52

Assembly

F5



# 245083-1 246949-2 77 mm 1218127-7 1218127-7 Early type Engine number 11374 11375

B 27 A B 27 E/F B 28 A, E, F Engine number 11374 57276 -

57277

A11



Use the correct bridge on the right and left sides. Bridges are the same but must face different directions.

left side circlip must face forwards and
right side circlip must face rearwards.



### Clean, lubricate and install cylinder head bolts

(Remove 3 mm drill beneath guide sleeves.)

Tighten bolts by hand.

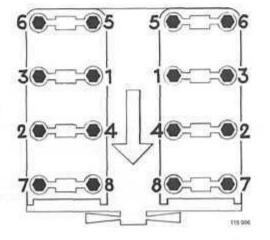
Two different types of cylinder head bolts are in use, depending on the thread length in the cylinder block.

Late type = bolt thread length 27 mm (1.063 in) with washer

Early type = bolt thread length 30 mm (1.181 in) without washer

Only late type bolts are available as spare parts.

If late type bolts are used on early type cylinder heads, washers must be used (the same washers as used for late type bolts).



Tighten cylinder head bolts				
Tighten to the correct torque in three stages				
1 = 10  Nm (7  ft lbs.)				

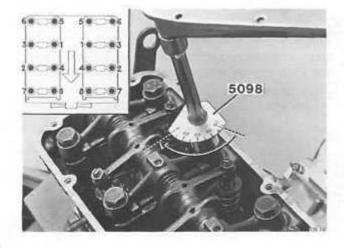
2 = 30 Nm (22 ft.lbs.)3 = 60 Nm (44 ft.lbs.)

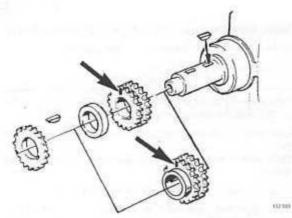
Install other cylinder head Install according to C53–65.

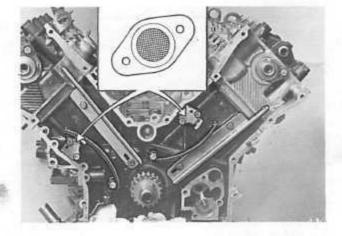
### F7

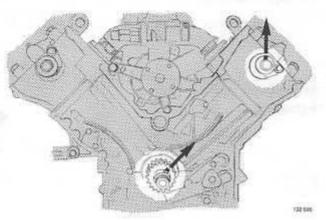
F8

Assembly









### Angle-tighten cylinder head bolts

At the earliest, 10-15 minutes after F7.

- 1 = Slacken all bolts in order shown adjacent
- 2 = Tighten to a torque of 15–20 Nm (11–15 ft.lbs.) in order shown
- 3 = Angle-tighten 113–117° in order shown adjacent. Use protractor 5098. The rocker arm bridge can be used as a line of sight.

IMPORTANTI Bolts must be retightened after engine has cooled.

TIMING GEARS

### Install crankshaft gears and keys

Block holes in crankcase to prevent keys from falling in.

Lubricate parts.

The mark on the inner gear must face out.

Note! On late types, gear and spacer are manufactured in one unit.

### Install:

- new strainers in cylinder block
- chain tensioners
- straight chain dampers
- bent chain dampers. Apply locking fluid (P/N 116 1053-2) to bolts.

### F12

### Set crankshaft and left-hand camshaft

The key in the crankshaft should point towards the lefthand camshaft.

The groove in the camshaft should point upwards and there should be no clearance between the rocker arms and valve stem tops for No. 1 cylinder.

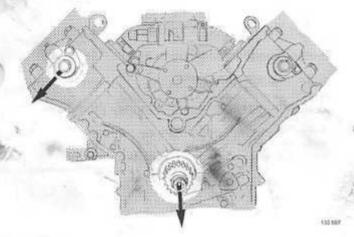
F9

F10

F11

Assembly

F13



### Install left-hand camshaft chain and sprocket

Place the chain on the camshaft sprocket, with the mark on the sprocket between the two marks on the chain.

Place the chain on the inner crankshaft sprocket, with the mark on the chain opposite the mark on the sprocket.

Stretch the chain on the pulling side (the side against the straight chain damper).

Position the camshaft sprocket. Make sure that the sprocket fits in the groove in the camshaft.

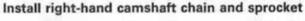
Install the centre bolt.

### Set crankshaft and right-hand camshaft

Install the crankshaft nut. Turn the crankshaft clockwise so that the key points directly downwards.

The groove in the camshaft should point outwards, see fig., and there should be no clearance between the rocker arms and valve stem tops for No. 6 cylinder.





Place the chain on the camshaft sprocket, with the mark on the sprocket between the two marks on the chain.

Place the chain on the camshaft sprocket, with the mark on the chain opposite the mark on the sprocket.

Stretch the chain on the pulling (the side against the straight chain damper.)

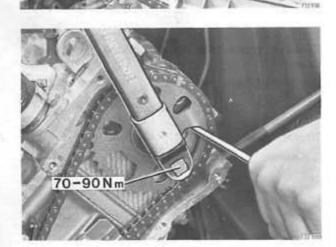
Install the camshaft sprocket. Make sure that the sprocket fits in the groove in the camshaft. If necessary rotate the crankshaft slightly.

Install the centre bolt.

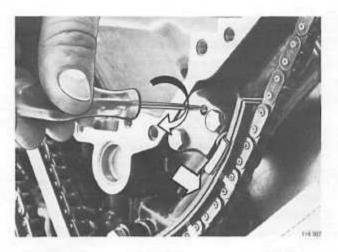
F16

### Tighten both camshaft centre bolts

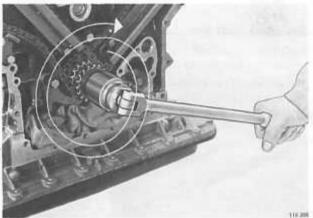
Tighten to a torque of **70–90 Nm** (52–66 ft.lbs.) Use a screwdriver as a counterhold, placing it between two cogs on the sprocket without holes.



### Assembly



Turn locks 1/4 turn clockwise



F18

F17

### Set chain tension

Turn the crankshaft round twice.

Remove the crankshaft nut.

Note! The key in the crankshaft should point upwards to prevent it from falling out of its groove.

When the crankshaft has been rotated the marks for the chains and sprockets do not coincide. It is necessary to rotate the crankshaft a large number of turns to obtain the correct position.

F19



- oil pump with sprocket
- chain and gear.

Apply locking fluid (P/N 116 1053-2) to the bolts.

F20

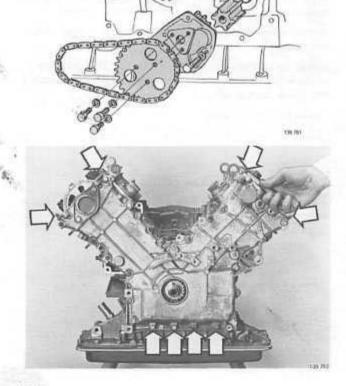
Remove protective paper. Install timing gear case

Use new gaskets.

Smear the four lower bolts with locking fluid P/N 116 1056-5.

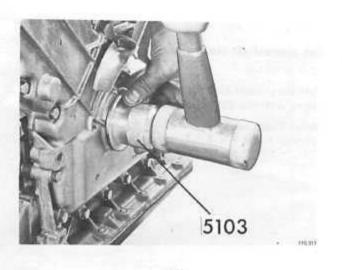
Tightening torque 10-15 Nm (7-11 ft.lbs.).

Cut sides of gaskets flush with cylinder heads.



Assembly

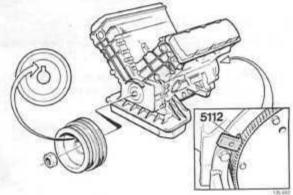
F21



### CRANKSHAFT FRONT OIL SEAL, PULLEY

Install new seal in timing gear case Grease the seal. Use drift 5103.

F22



### Install crankshaft pulley

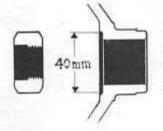
Fit locking sector 5112 to the flywheel casing at the lower bolt (RHD-vehicles = upper bolt.)

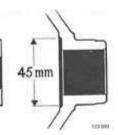
Make sure that key in crankshaft does not fall out.

Tighten nut to correct torque, see left.

36 mm socket.

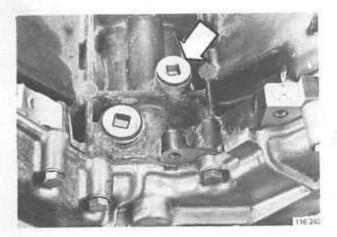
IMPORTANT! There are two different types of nuts.





160-180 Nm (118-133 ft.lbs.)

240-280 Nm (177-206 ft.lbs.)



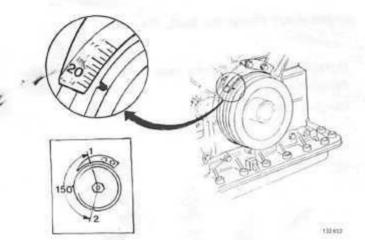
### TIMING SCALE

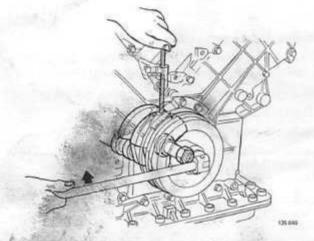
Check/adjust only if necessary, eg if plate is removed or replaced.

Remove rear plug in cylinder block

F23

### Assembly





### Set crankshaft statically

36 mm socket.

Turn the crankshaft so that the mark for T.D.C. cylinder 1 aligns with the 20° mark on the timing scale.

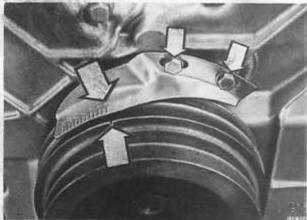
Note! There are two marks on the pulley, 1 = T.D.C. cylinder 1 and 2 = T.D.C. cylinder 6.

### Set crankshaft at T.D.C. cylinder 1

Insert a 8 mm drill (0.315 in) in the blanking plug hole so that it rests on the crankshaft counterweight.

Press lightly on the drill and turn the crankshaft slowly in the normal direction of rotation until the drill fits into the hole in the counterweight.

The engine is now set at exactly T.D.C. for cylinder 1.



### Check/adjust timing scale

The zero-mark on the scale must align exactly with the mark on the pulley.

Install blocking plug

Use a new seal. Tightening torque 35-40 Nm (26-30 ft.lbs.).

Before proceeding with valve clearance check: Camshaft setting must be checked. See specifications on page 8.

F25

F24

F27

### Assembly



### See footnote on page 58.

Different clearances for different engine types

Valve clearance mm (in), cold engine intake	Type 1	Type 2 '
exhaust	(0.004-0.006 in) 0.25-0.30 (0.010-0.012 in)	(0.008-0.010 in) 0.30-0.35 (0.0120.014 in)
B 27 A 1976–1979	x	
B 28 A 1980	~	x
1981–1982 B 27 E 1975–1978	×	
1979-1980	-	1.4
Sweden and Aus- tralia 1979–1980 Other	x	100
markets		X
B 28 E 1981-1983	×	
B27 F 1976-1979	X	1.2
B 27 F 1980	1.45	X
B 27 F 1981-1982	X	100

### F28

### Turn crankshaft to firing position for No. 1 cylinder

The mark "1" on the pulley should align with the zeromark on the timing scale. Both rocker arms for No. 1 cylinder should have clearance.

### F29

### Check/adjust valve clearances

Check the following valves in the set position.

Intake: cylinders 1, 2 and 4 Exhaust: cylinders 1, 3 and 6

### F30

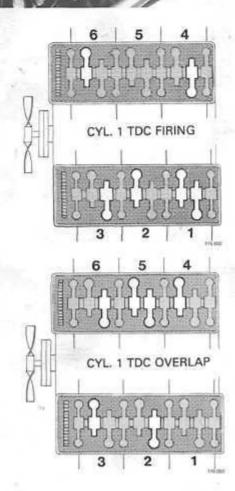
Turn crankshaft one turn in normal direction to overlap position for No. 1 cylinder

The mark "1" on the pulley should align with the zeromark on the scale. There should be no clearance between the rocker arms and valve stem tops for No. 1 cylinder.

### Check/adjust valve clearances

Check the following valves in the set position.

Intake: cylinders 3, 5 and 6 Exhaust: cylinders 2, 4 and 5

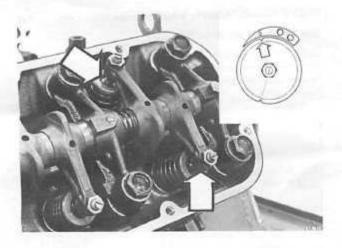


150

### 59

F3.1

### Assembly





1.99.038

### Turn crankshaft one turn to firing position for No. 1 cylinder

F32

F33

The mark "1" on the pulley should align with the zeromark on the timing scale. The rocker arms for No. 1 cylinder should have clearance.

This is now the correct setting for installing the distributor.

### Install gaskets and valve covers

Use new gaskets. Apply a few spots of sealing compound. (P/N 116 1026-8).

Place only four bolts in each valve cover. Do not tighten since the covers are to be removed later on.

To ensure that the junction between the valve cover, cylinder block and timing gear case is fully leak-proof, a thin coat of silicone (P/N 116 1048-2) can be applied to the joint. Note! Do not use too much silicone otherwise it may enter the lubrication system and block the oil channels.

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see Crankshaft pullley



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